

# REDESIGN & RESTRUCTURE OF TORONTO 200 WEBSITE

A UX, UI and Information Architecture design project by Omid Vahidi & Colleagues

Fall 2022 (6-week project)







## OMID'S PARTICIPATION

Card Sorting
IA design
User Flow design

Wireframing
Lo-fi & Hi-fi mock-ups
Usability Testing

# TEAM MEMBERS

Omid Vahidi Daria Markova Joyce Ofoche Nicole Yeung

## USED METHODS AND TOOLS

Card Sorting
Usability Testing
Figma

Miro Zoom Google Meet



# **Table of Content**

Introduction	원 원 원 원 원 원 원 원 원 원 원 원 원 원 원 원 원 원 원	PAGE 3
Exploration, Synthesis, & Design Implications	4) 4) 4) 4) 4) 4) 4) 4) 4) 4) 4) 4) 4) 4	PAGE 5
<b>Concept Generation</b>	왕왕왕왕왕왕왕왕왕왕왕왕왕왕왕왕왕왕왕왕왕왕왕왕왕왕왕왕왕왕왕왕왕왕왕왕왕왕	PAGE 7
Evaluation & Refinement	실 실 실 실 실 실 실 실 실 실 실 실 실 실 실 실 실 실 실	PAGE 13
Results	역) 점) 점) 점) 점) 점) 집) 집) 집) 점) 점) 점) 점) 점) 집) 집) 집) 집) 집) 집) 점) 점) 점) 점) 점) 집) 집) 집) 집) 집) 집) 점)	PAGE 20
Conclusion	원 원 원 원 원 원 원 원 원 원 원 원 원 원 원 원 원 원 원	PAGE 34
Appendices	원 원 원 원 원 원 원 원 원 원 원 원 원 원 원 원 원 원 원	PAGE 35



# **Introduction**Project Brief

**Client:** The Toronto Zoo

#### Research goal:

- Restructure the Toronto Zoo website in response to complaints from visitors that their website is really hard to use
- Help the users easily find the information they are looking for

#### **Business objectives:**

Based on the Toronto Zoo's mission from: <a href="https://www.torontozoo.com/tz/about">https://www.torontozoo.com/tz/about</a>

- Educate their community on wildlife, plants, and conservation science
- Acquire revenue through ticket and merchandise sales, donations, and sponsorships
- Generate revenue by having other brands do business in the zoo (i.e. restaurants, Lego toy shops etc.)



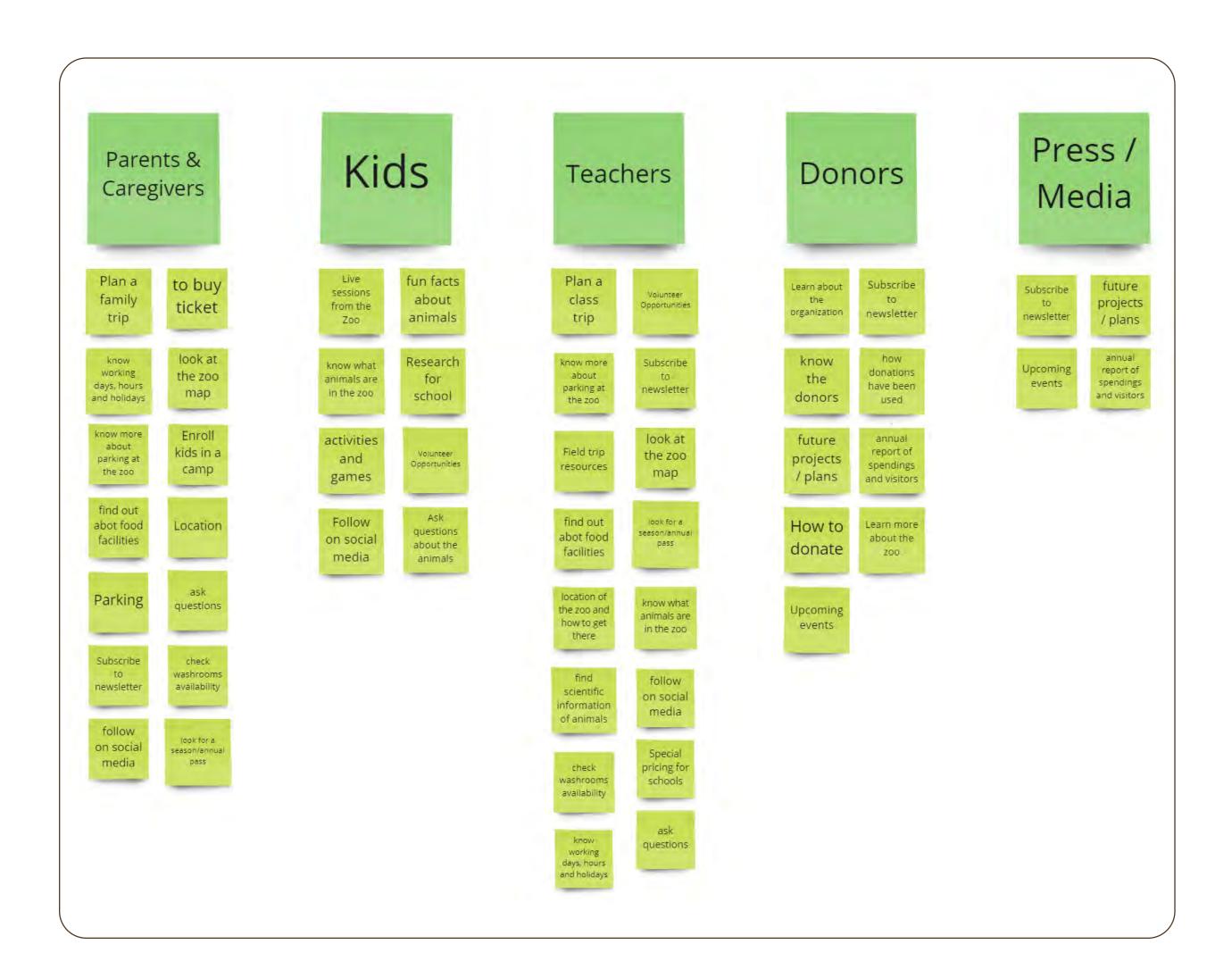


#### Types of users and their tasks:

- Parents And Caregivers
- Kids
- Teachers
- Donors
- Press and Media

#### Introduction

### **Project Brief**



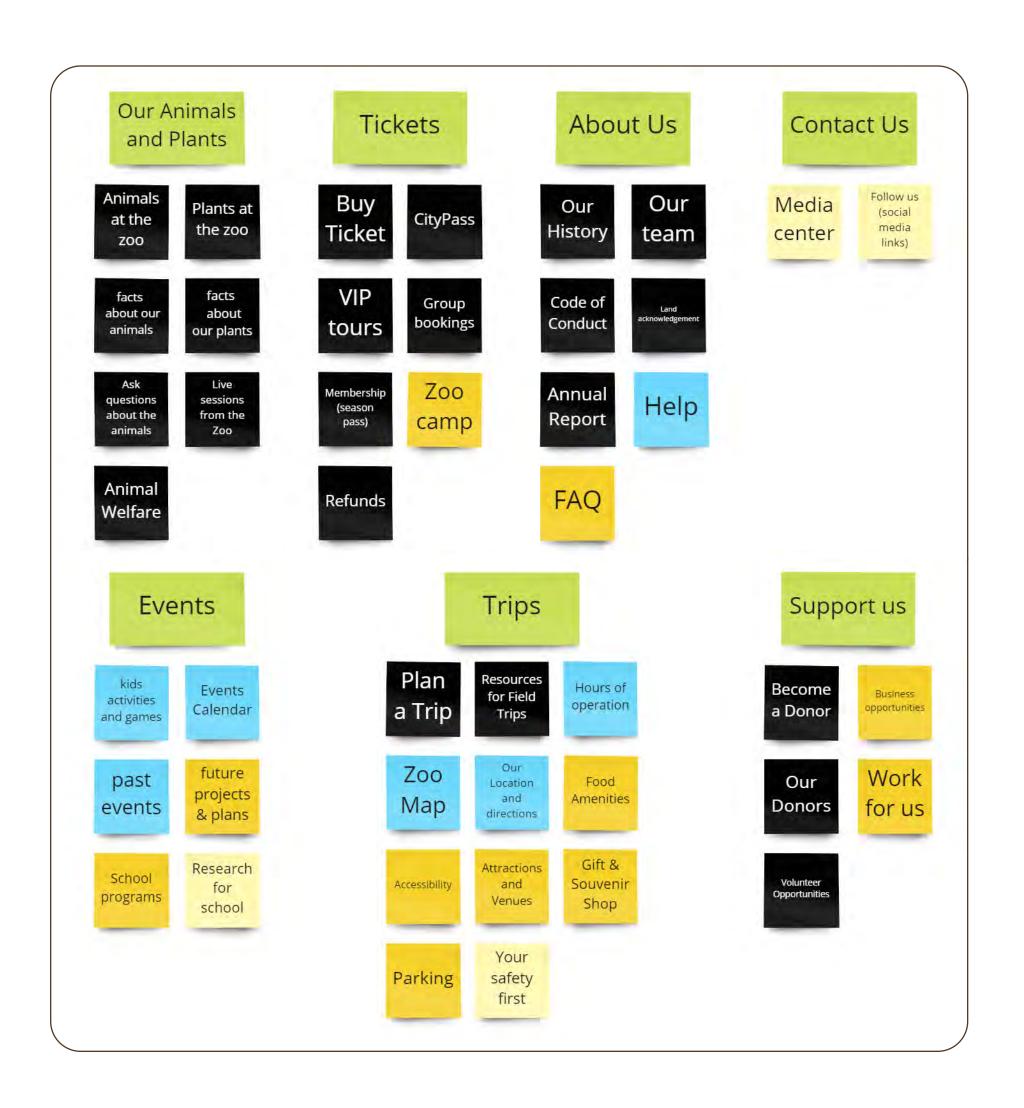


# **Exploration, Synthesis, & Design Implications**Card Sorting

Based on the user goals and business objectives, as well as the data provided by the Client, the Team created content for the Card Sorting.

The Team conducted **8 card sorting sessions** to gauge the users' expectation of how the content on the website should be categorized.

After analyzing and synthesizing the data, the Team was able to come up with the **final card grouping**.



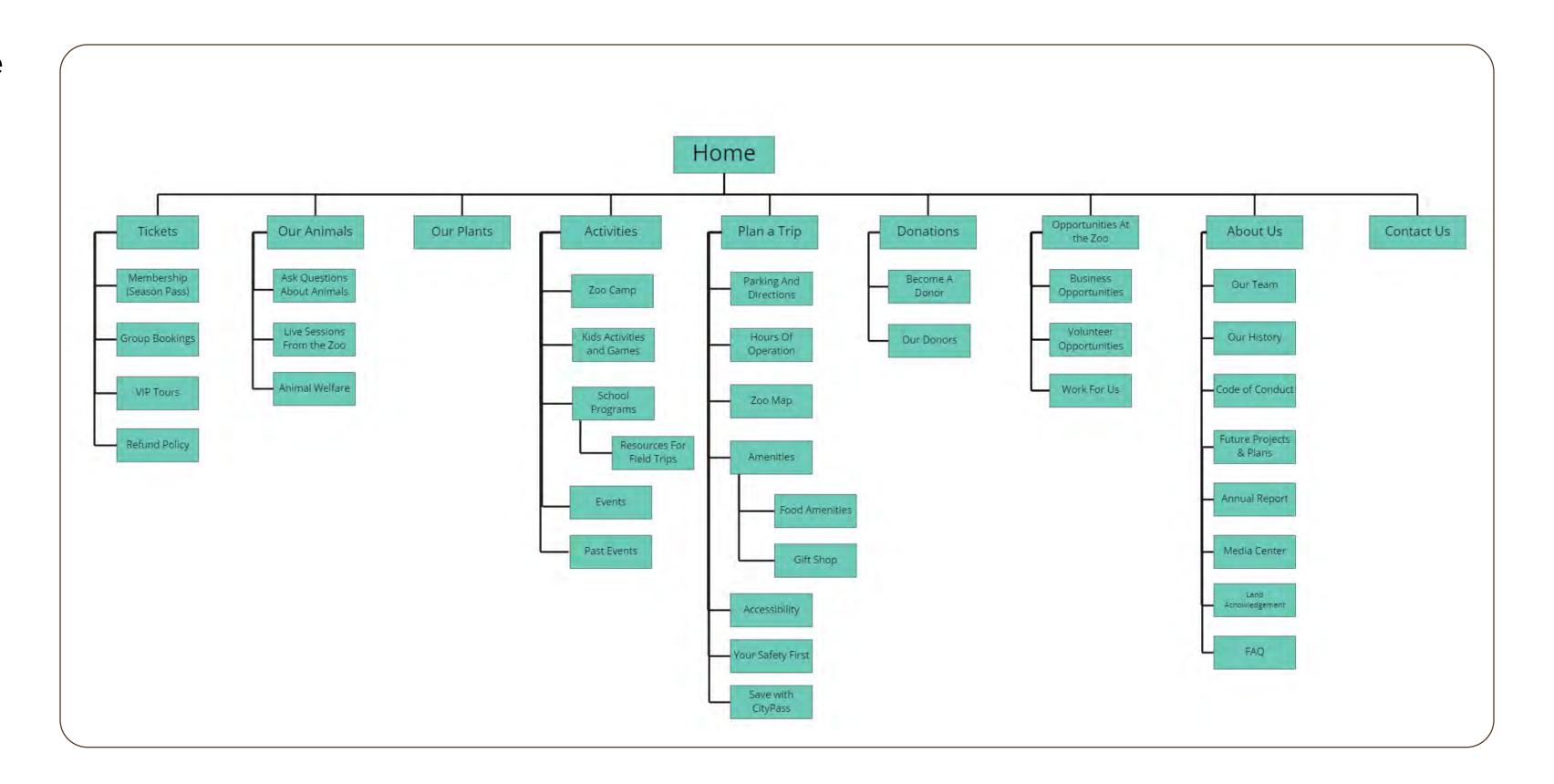


# **Exploration, Synthesis, & Design Implications**

**IA Diagram** 

Using the data from the Card Sorting, the Team created an **IA diagram** for the Toronto Zoo, to illustrate how to best organize the website's existing content.

Our aim was to make the process of searching for information easy for the users.

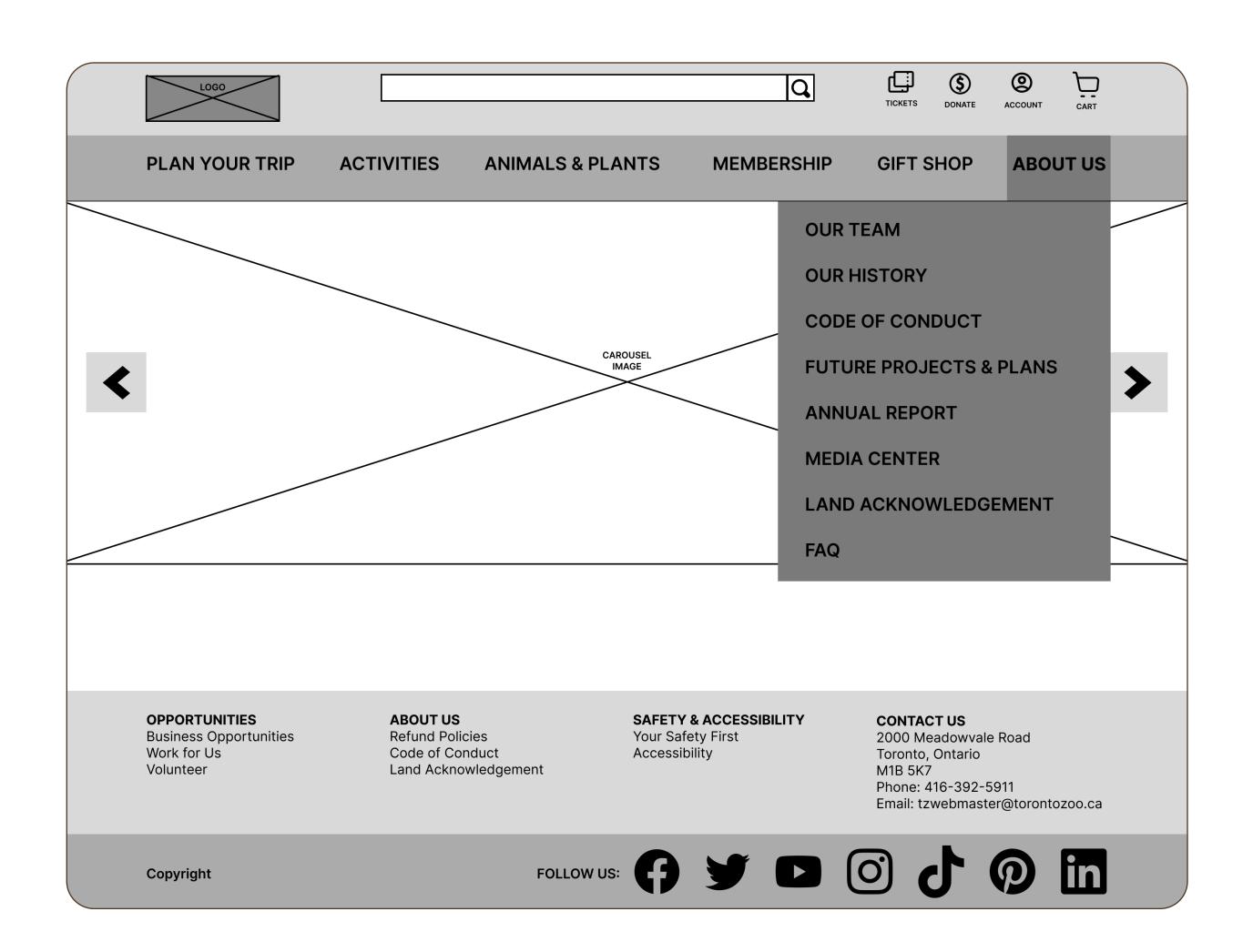




### **Concept Generation**

#### Nav Design / Desktop

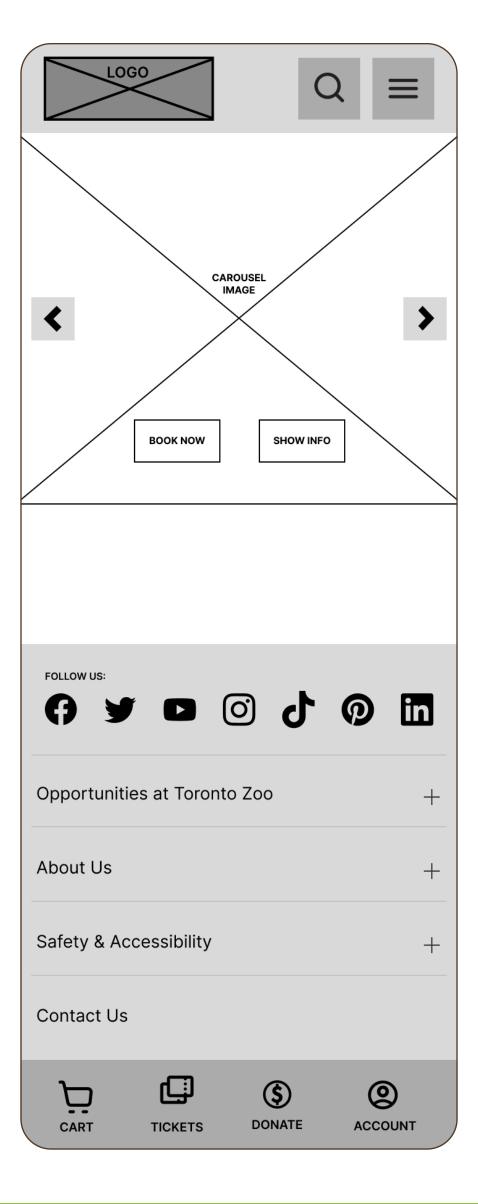
- We synthesized our knowledge about the Client and their target audience, and based on the IA Diagram designed the navigation system for our Client's responsive website (mobile) and classic website (desktop)
- We prioritized specific pages that were important to our Client's business goals (ticket sales, donations, membership)
- We added social media icons as a secondary/utility navigation because that's how our Client can achieve one of their business goals - attracting new visitors

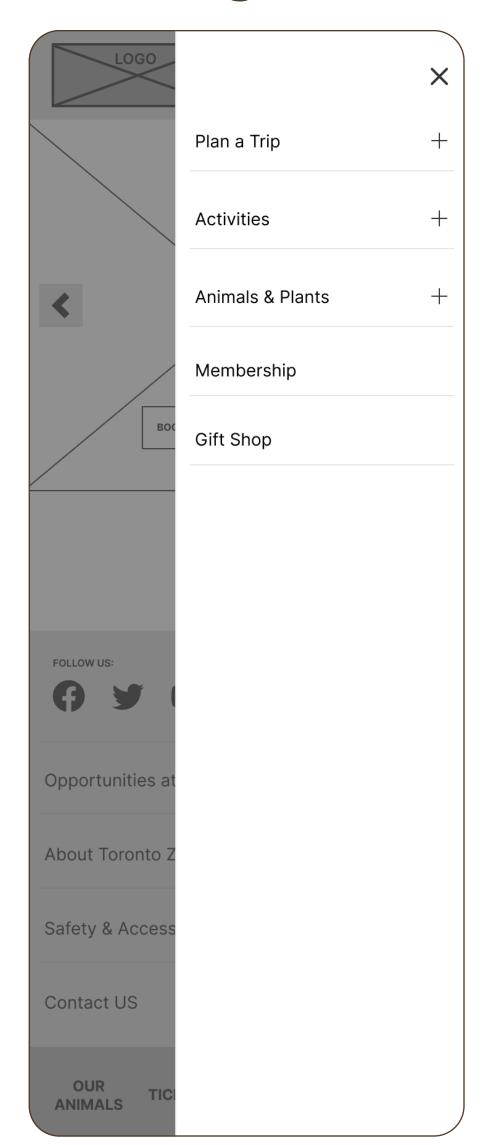


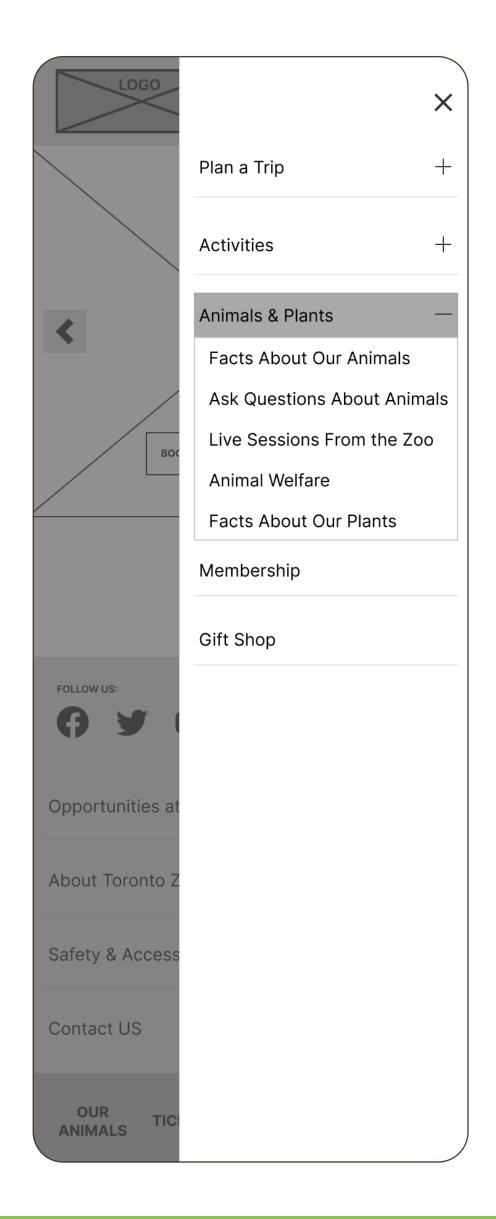


# **Concept Generation**

#### Nav Design / Mobile







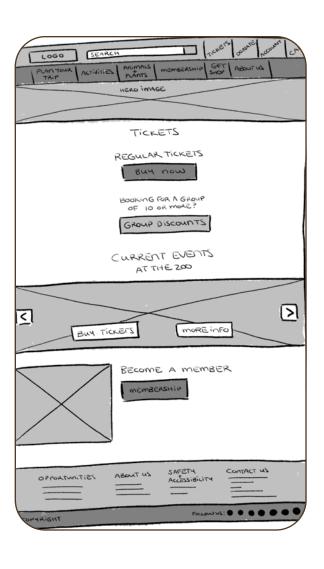


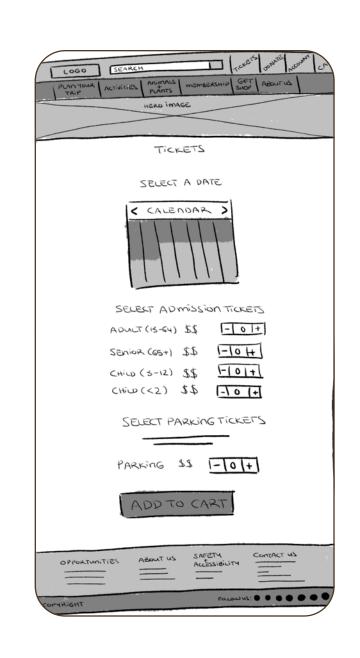
# **Concept Generation**User Flow Selection and Sketches

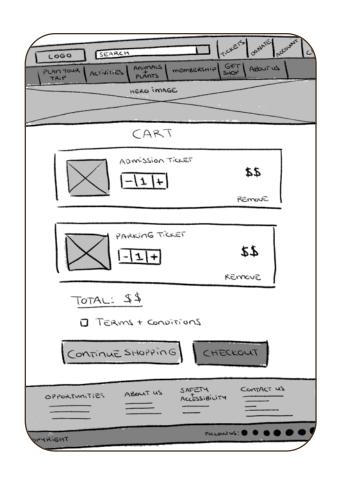
The Team decided to explore the user's experience on the website as they fulfill the task of purchasing regular tickets online.

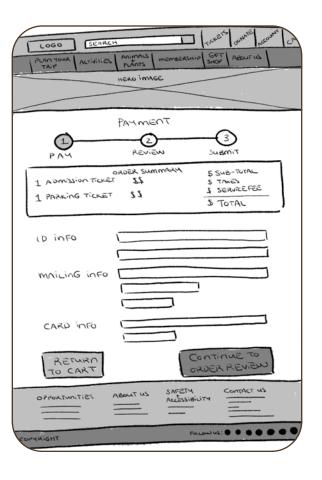
This task was selected by the Team as one that correlates with the Client's key business goal - generating and increasing revenue.

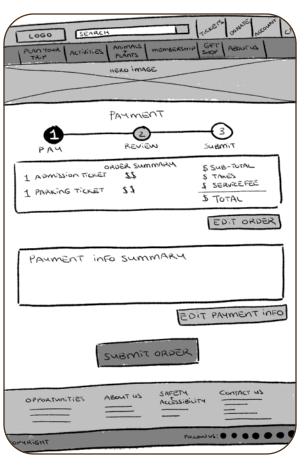
To illustrate that path, we have sketched out wireflows of the user's journey clicking through the pages to purchase a regular ticket.

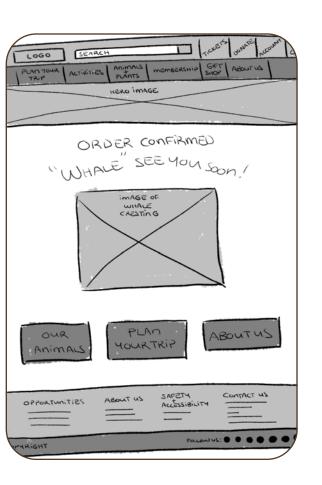














# **Concept Generation**

**Low-Fidelity Wireframes** 

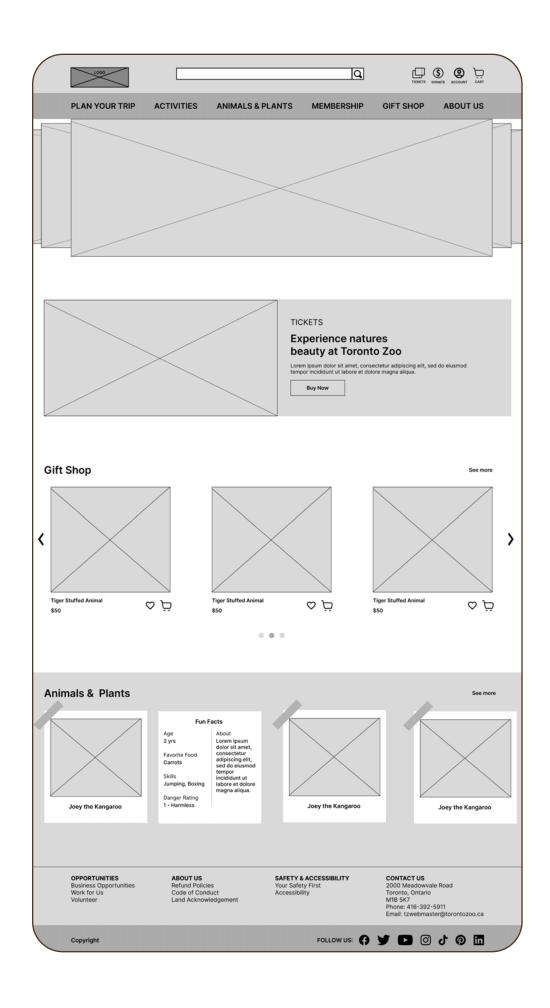
As a next step, the Team created **Low-fidelity Wireframes** for the selected experience purchasing regular tickets online.

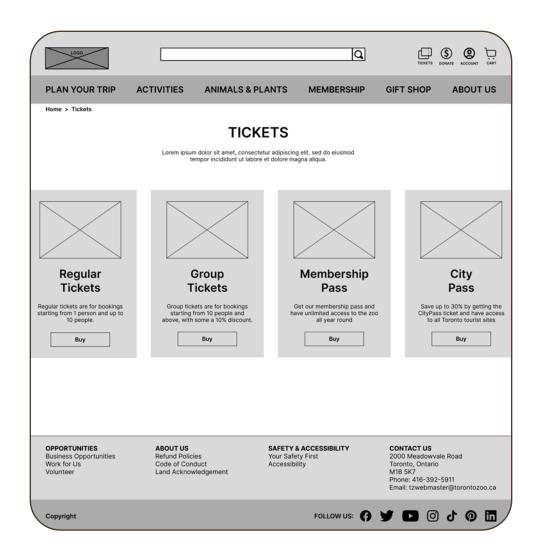
We used this milestone to conduct **usability tests of our Prototype** to get the users' insights
on its improvement and integrate them into the
High-Fidelity Wireframes.

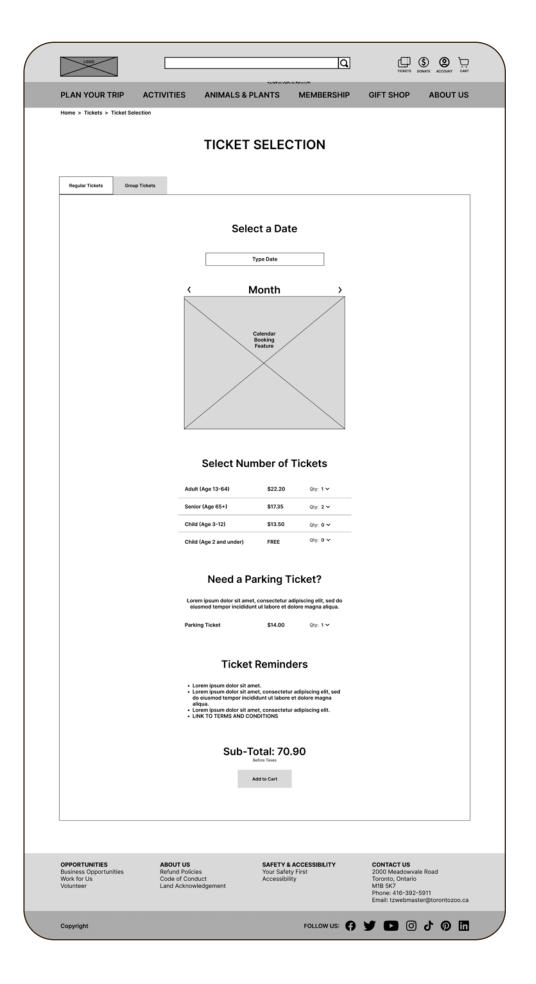




# **Concept Generation**Low-Fidelity Wireframes



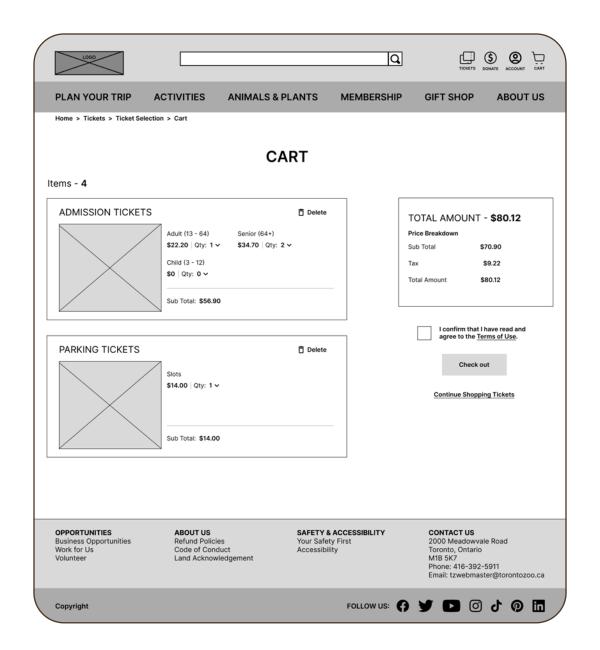


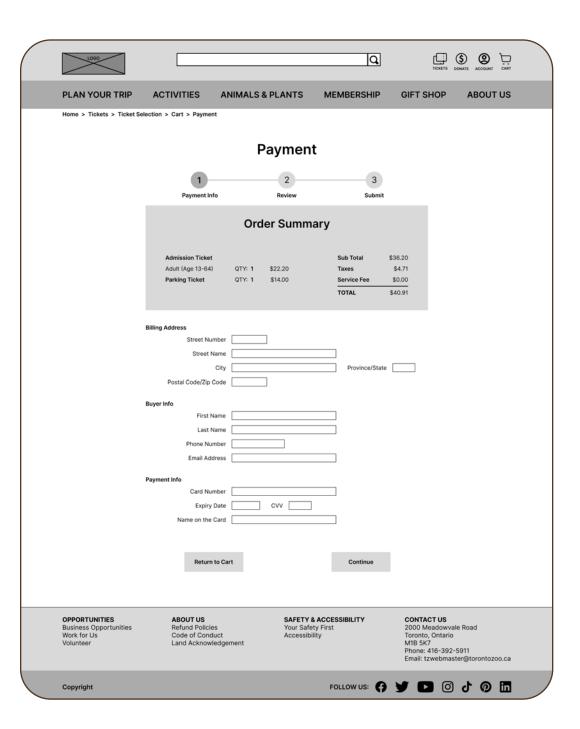


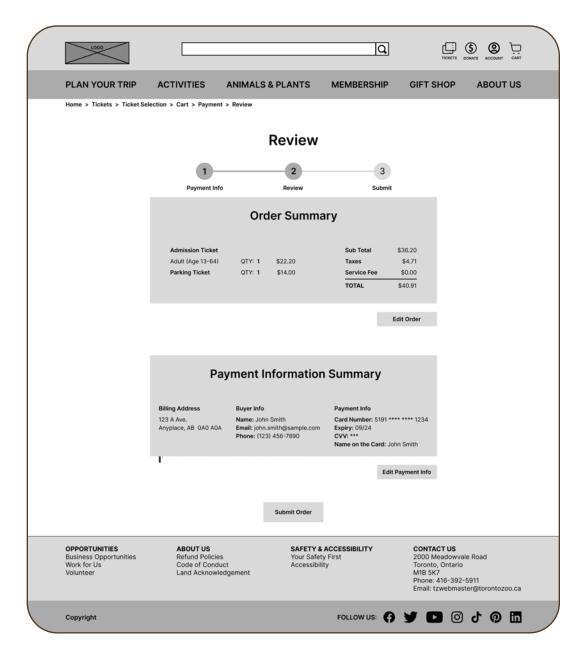


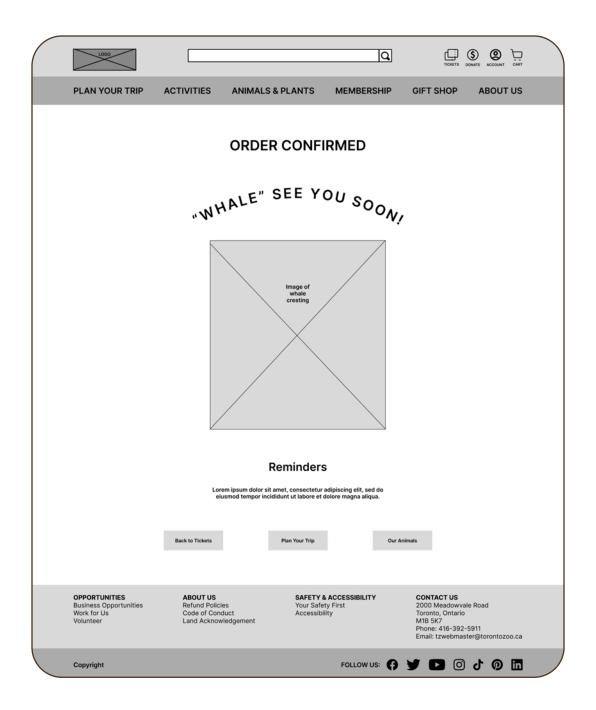
# **Concept Generation**

### **Low-Fidelity Wireframes**







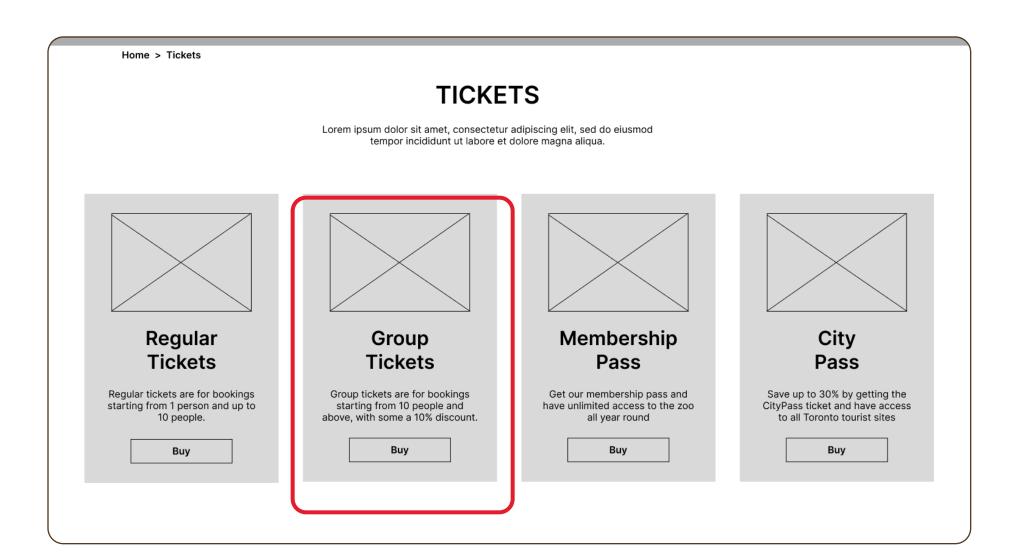




#### **Usability Testing**



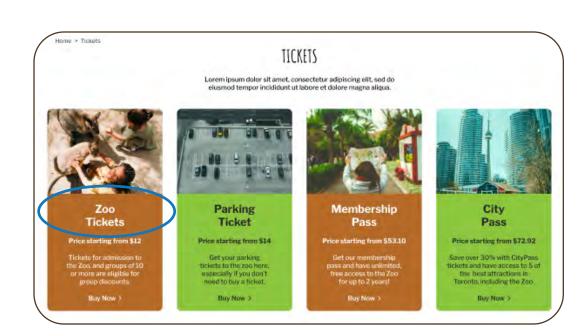
**Group tickets and Regular Tickets:** Some of the participants wanted to go to Group tickets instead of Regular tickets for checking prices before the family visit

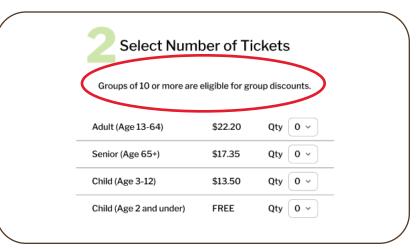


Before testing

#### **Revisions:**

- Not separating Regular and Group Tickets
- Adding a message informing the users about the group discount on the Ticket selection page
- When users insert quantities 10 and above, adding an alert they are eligible for the discount





After testing

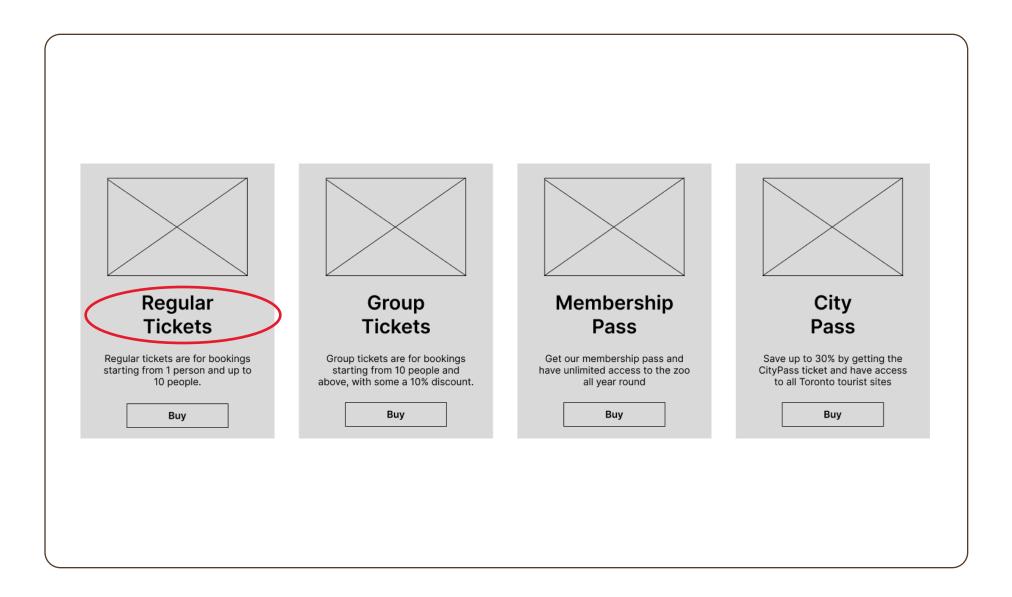


#### **Usability Testing**

#2

#### Comparing prices for various tickets' categories:

Participants wanted to see prices for different categories as early as possible (on the Home page or Tickets page) to be able to compare them



Before testing

#### **Revisions:**

Adding an option to see the prices' range for all the categories on the Tickets page before clicking on them



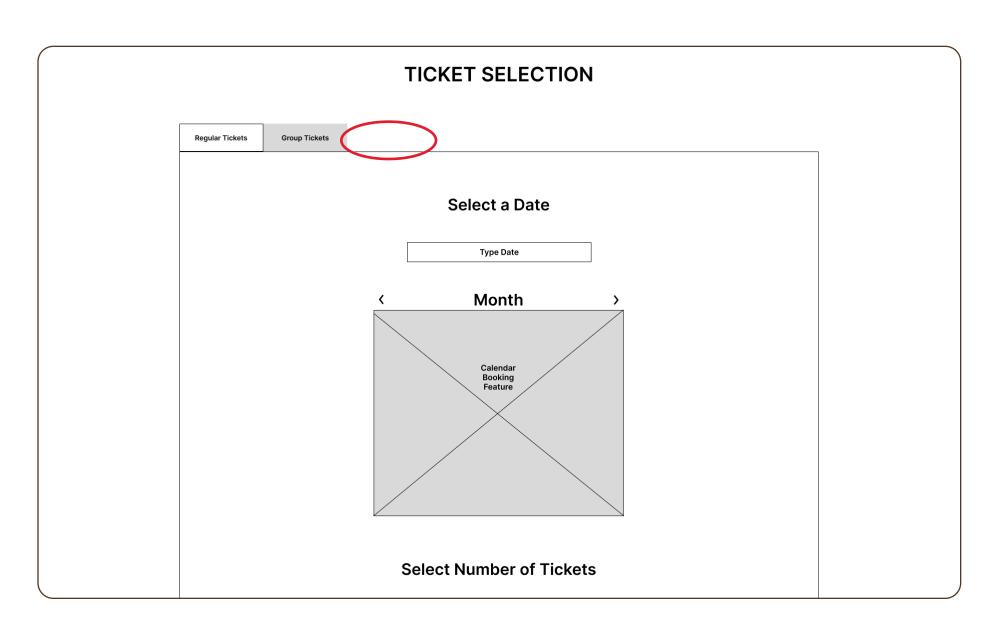
After testing



#### **Usability Testing**

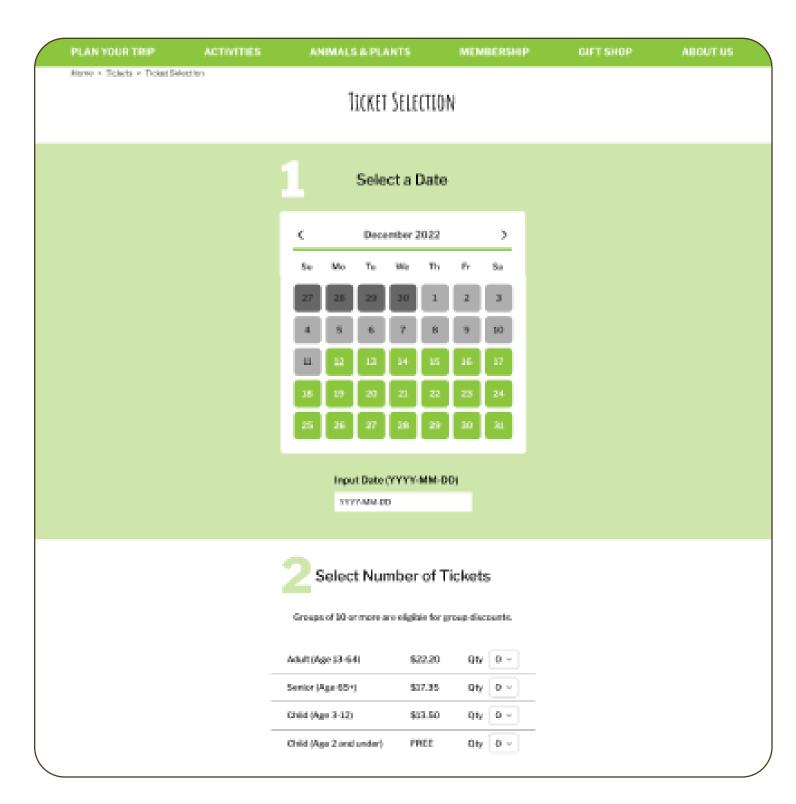


**Events tab on the Ticket selection page:** Participants were not sure what the Event tickets are about, they would probably go there to get a discount for the Birthday in the Zoo or similar group/family event



Before testing

**Revisions:** We removed this tab from the Ticket selection page. Events were supposed to be under Activities in our IA Diagram



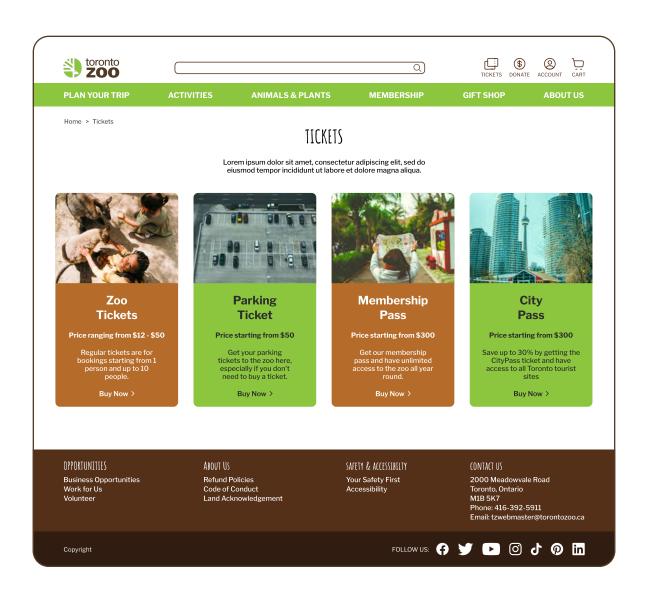
After testing



#### **Usability Testing**

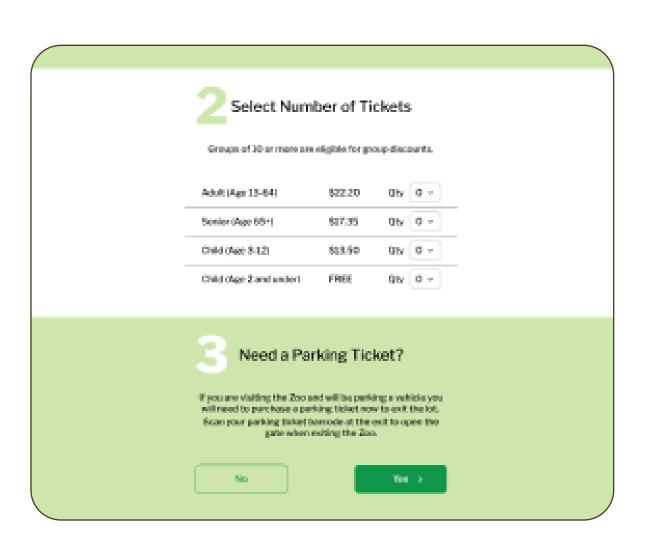


**Parking tickets:** Participants expected to have the option to buy parking tickets or not



#### **Revisions:**

- Replace Group tickets with Parking tickets in the design
- On the Ticket selection page ask users if they want to add parking tickets or not
- If yes, they would see drop down menu with Parking tickets



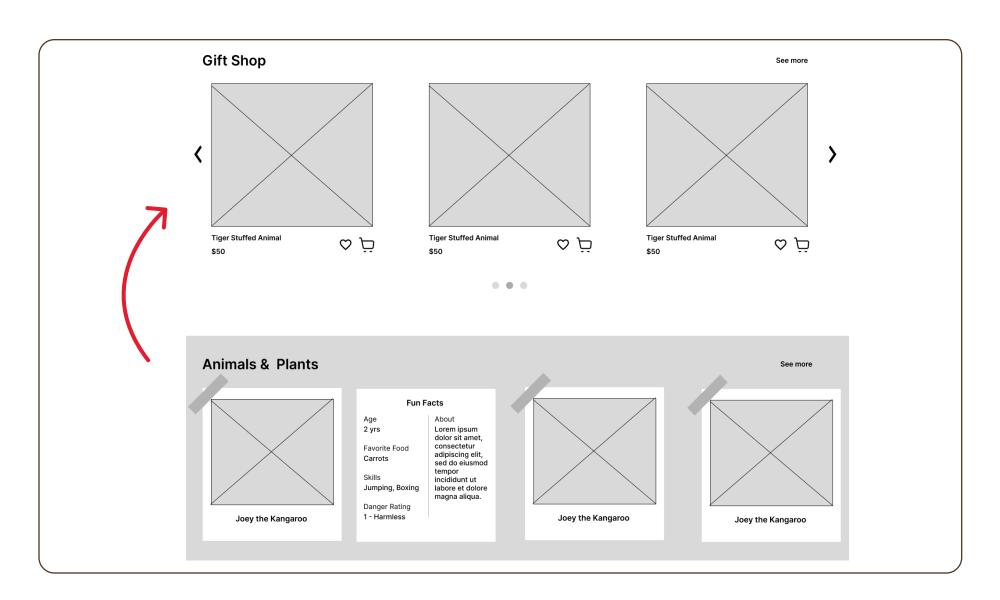
After testing



#### **Usability Testing**

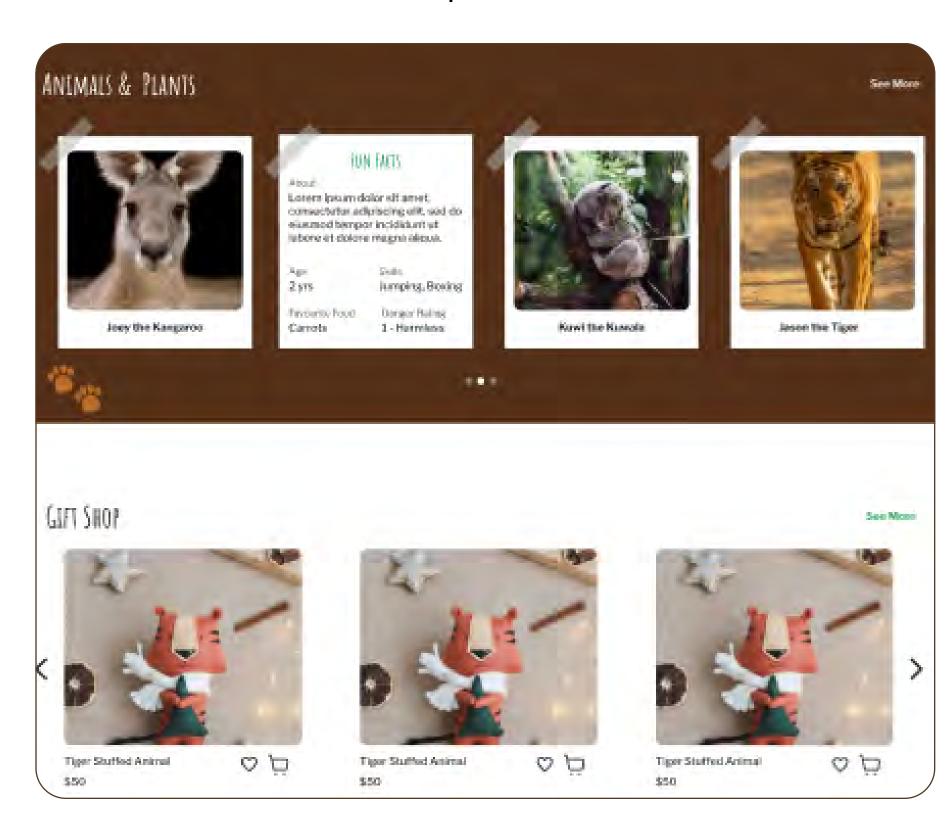


The order of the information provided to the users: On the home page, Participants wanted to see Animals and Plants before the Gift shop.



Before testing

**Revisions:** On the home page, provide The Animals and Plants before the Gift shop



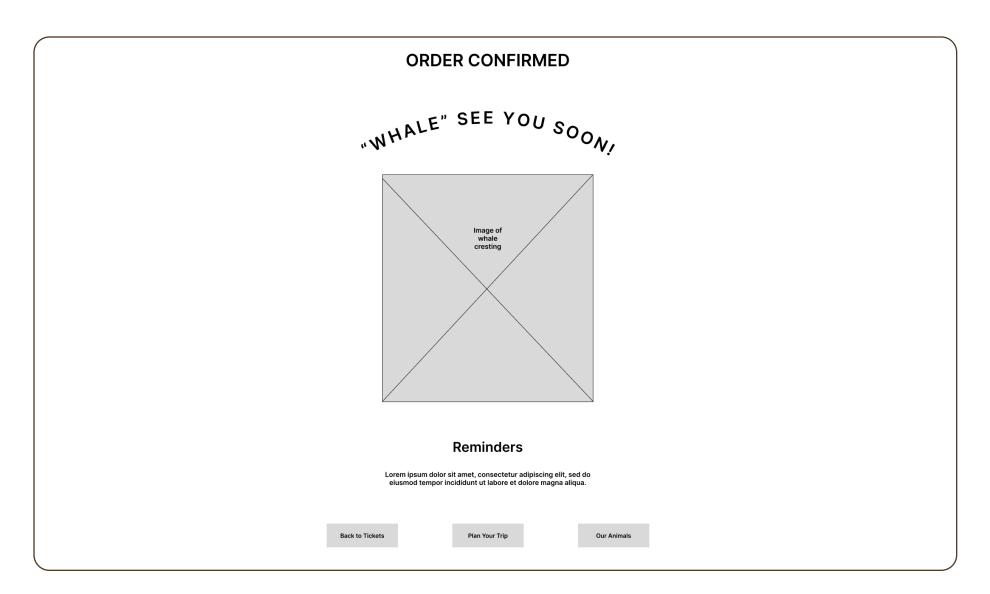
After testing



#### **Usability Testing**

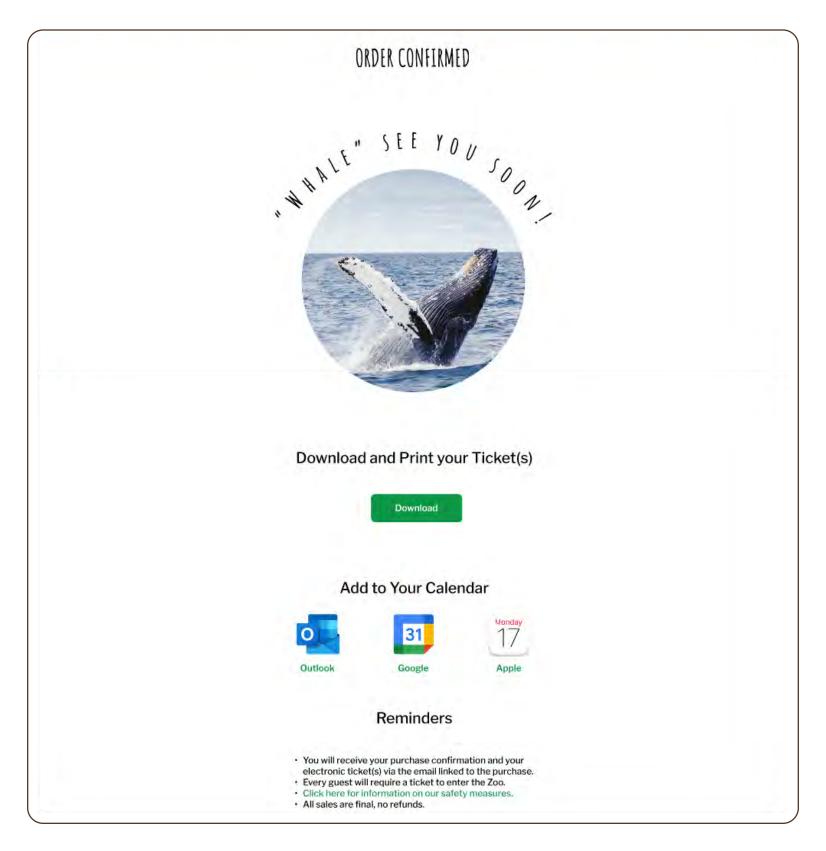


**Ticket confirmation:** Participants needed to get ticket confirmation at the end of the purchase flow (email, link, ticket number, the option to put it in the calendar, etc.)



Before testing

#### **Revisions:** Ticket confirmation added



After testing



#### **Usability Testing**

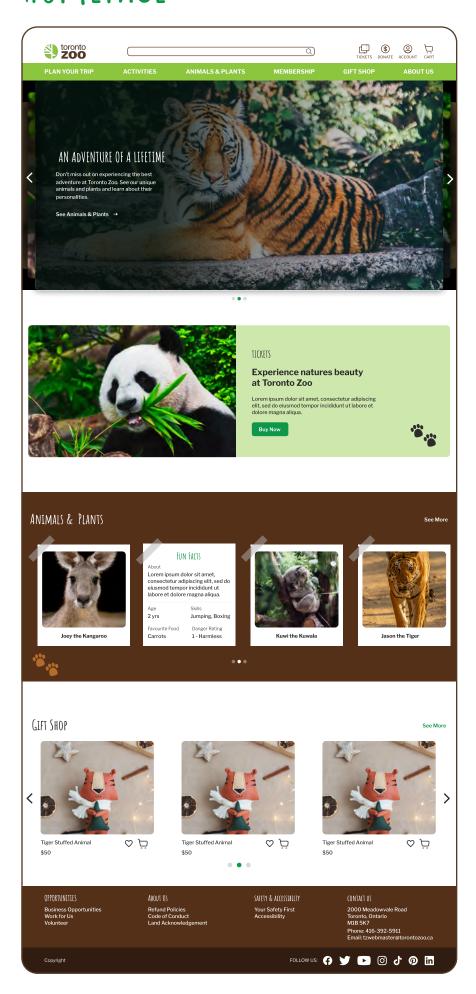
- All participants were able to complete the tasks they were given and overall, their experiences was positive and as expected
- We discovered that most of the issues we anticipated were confirmed by the users in the usability testing sessions
- Usability testing allowed us to uncover some issues that were not previously expected
- We integrated all the findings into High-Fidelity Prototype



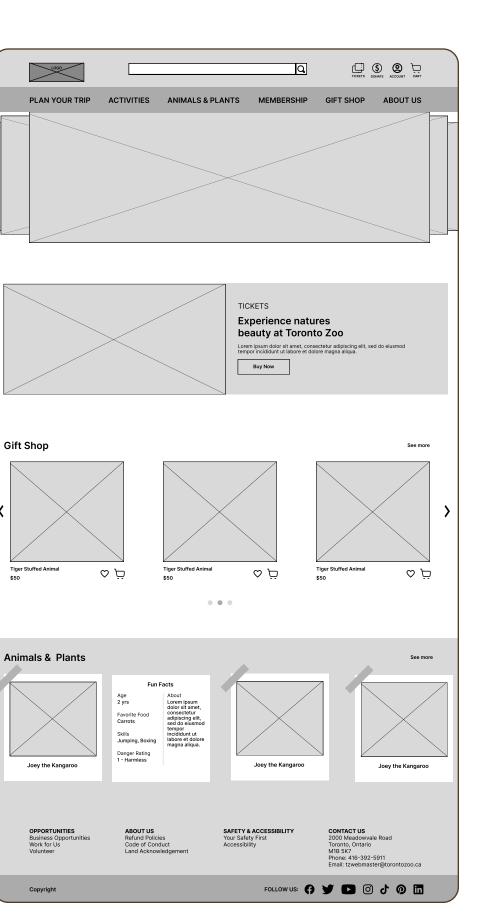


#### **High vs Low Fidelity Wireframes**

#### HOMEPAGE

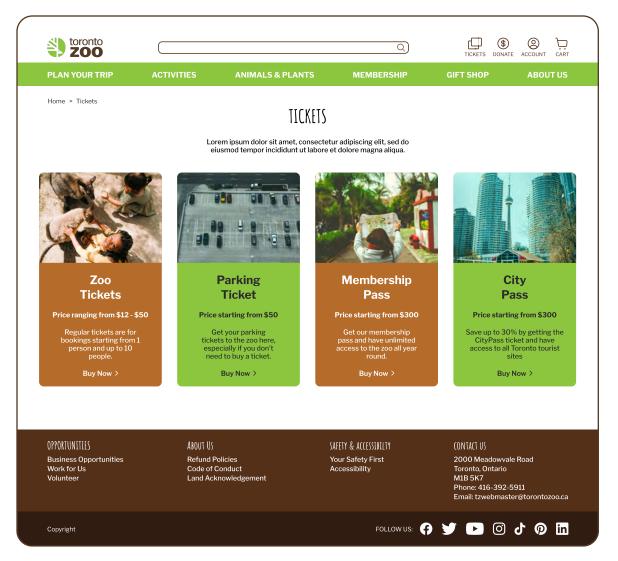


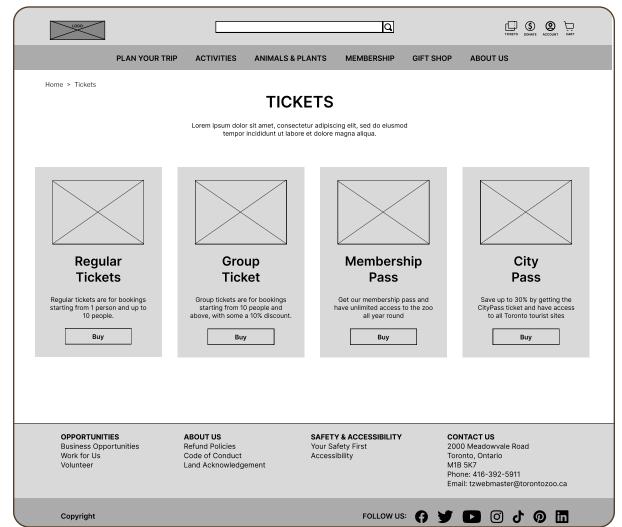
High Fidelity



Low Fidelity

### TICKET PAGE



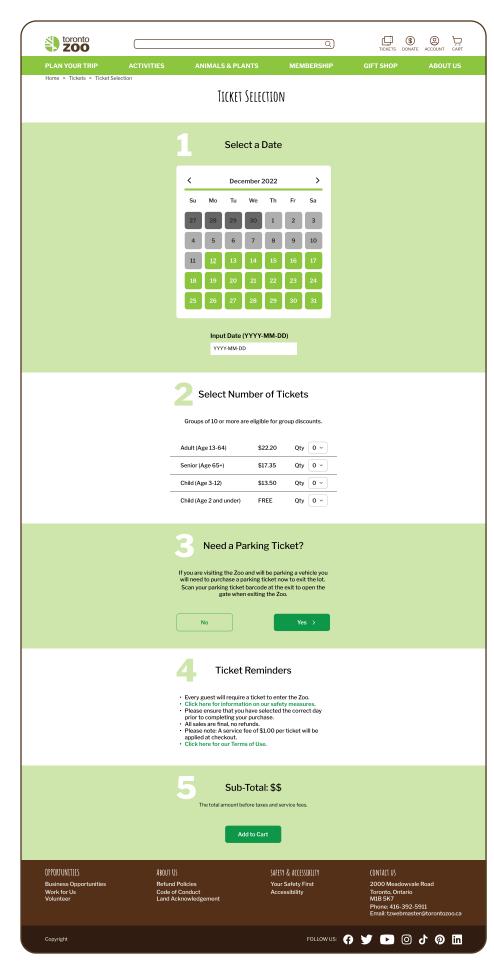


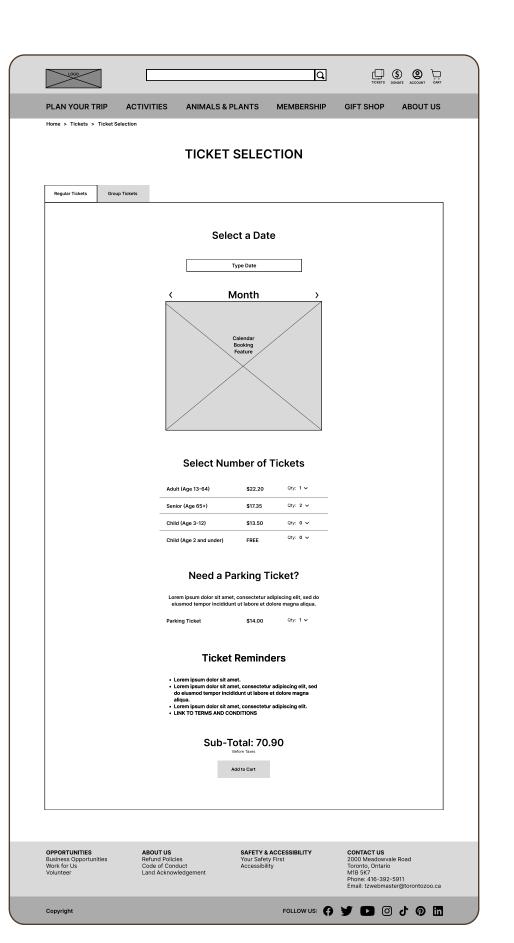
High Fidelity Low Fidelity



#### **High vs Low Fidelity Wireframes**

### TICKET BOOKING PAGE

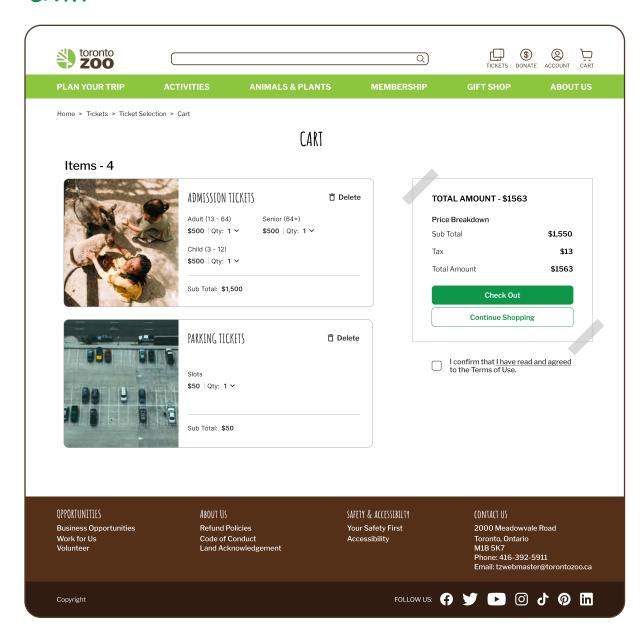


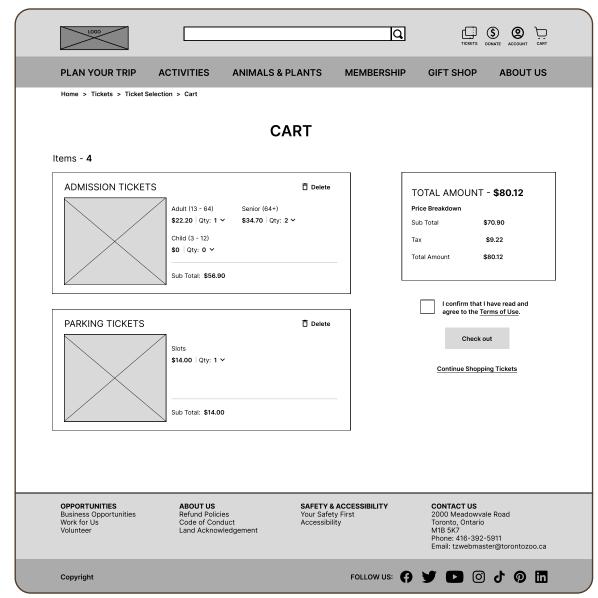


Low Fidelity

High Fidelity

#### CART





High Fidelity

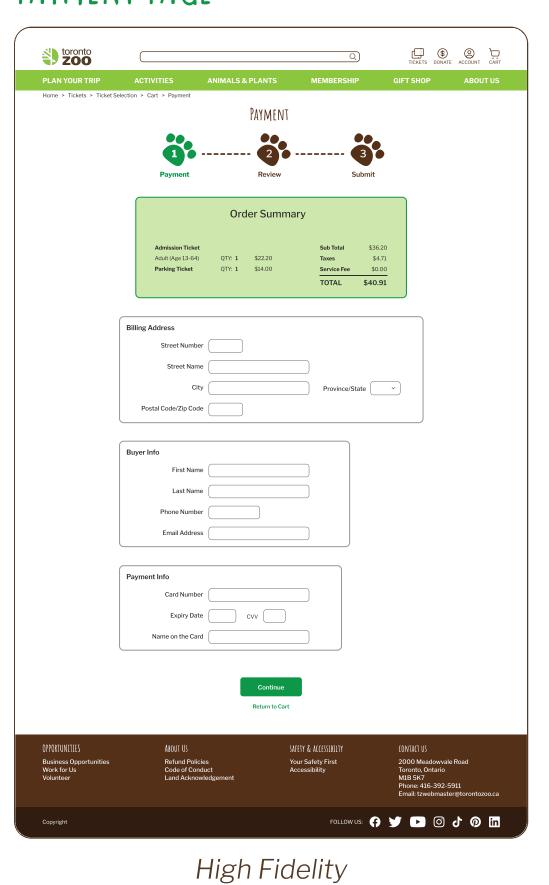
Low Fidelity



#### **High vs Low Fidelity Wireframes**

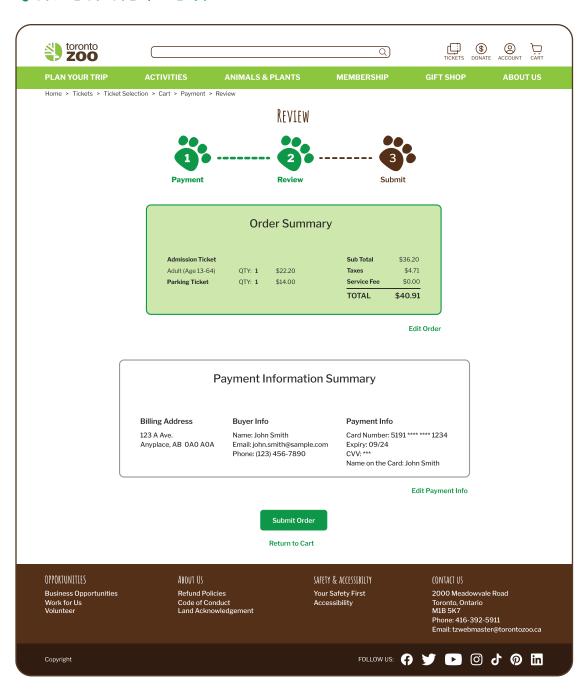
TICKETS DONATE ACCOUNT CART

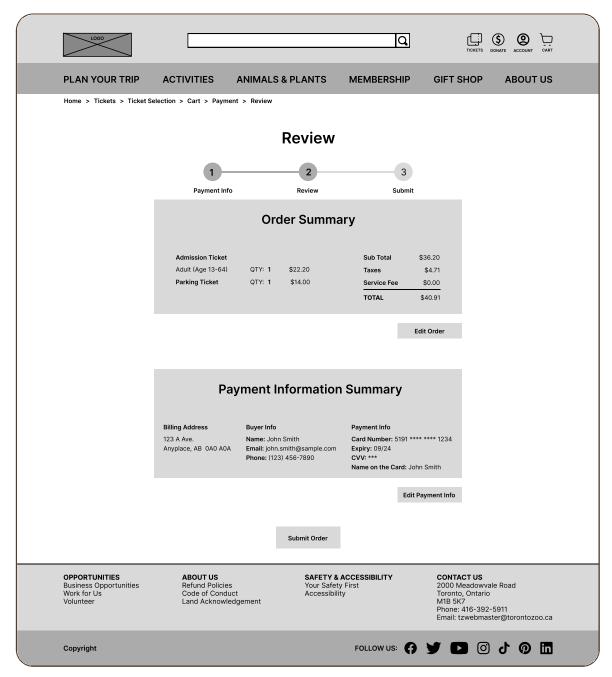
### PAYMENT PAGE



Low Fidelity

### ORDER REVIEW





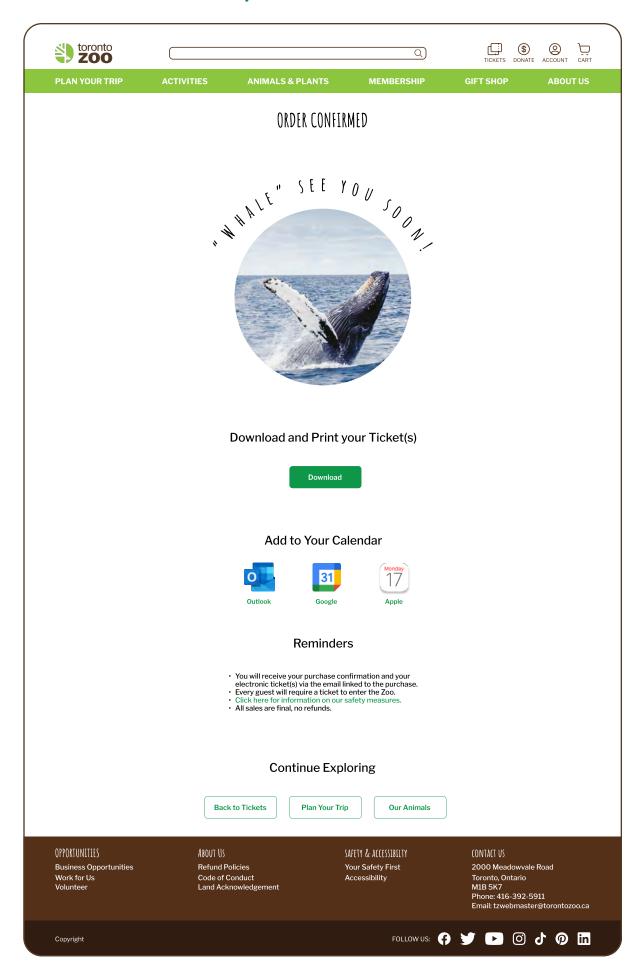
High Fidelity

Low Fidelity



# **Results**High vs Low Fidelity Wireframes

### TICKET CONFIRMATION



ACTIVITIES ANIMALS & PLANTS MEMBERSHIP GIFT SHOP ABOUT US ORDER CONFIRMED "WHALE" SEE YOU SOON! Reminders 2000 Meadowvale Road Toronto, Ontario M1B 5K7 Phone: 416-392-5911 Business Opp Work for Us Volunteer Refund Policies Code of Conduct Land Acknowledge FOLLOW US: (7) 🏏 🖸 🛅

Low Fidelity

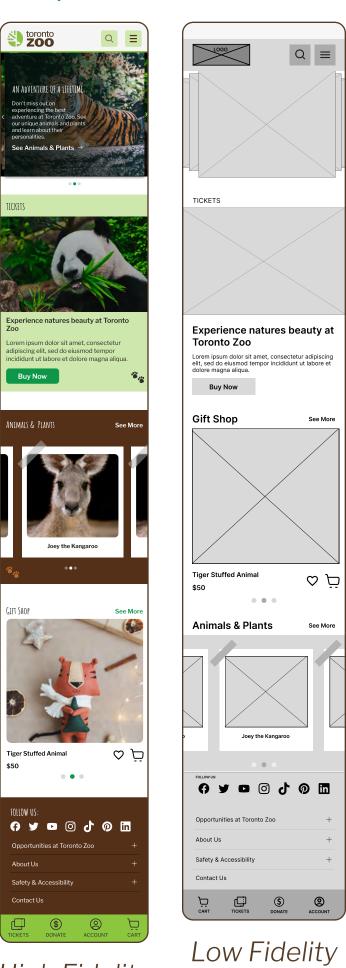






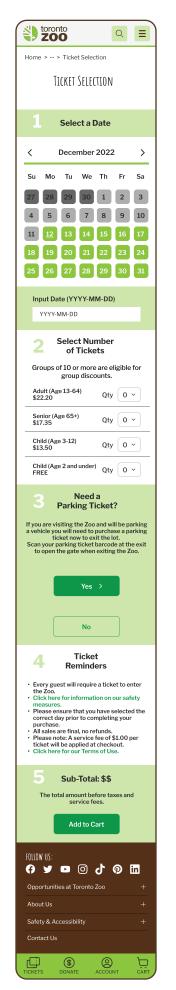
#### **High vs Low Fidelity Wireframes**

#### HOMEPAGE



High Fidelity

### TICKET SELECTION

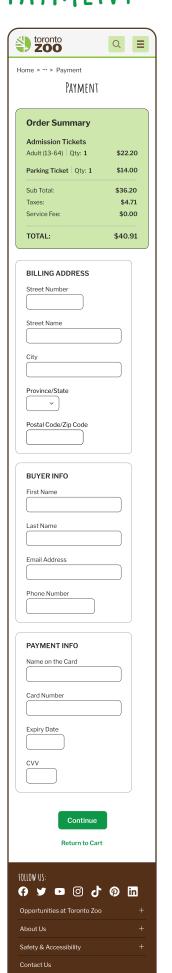




High Fidelity Lov

Low Fidelity

#### PAYMENT





Payment

Postal Code/Zip Code

Low Fidelity

High Fidelity

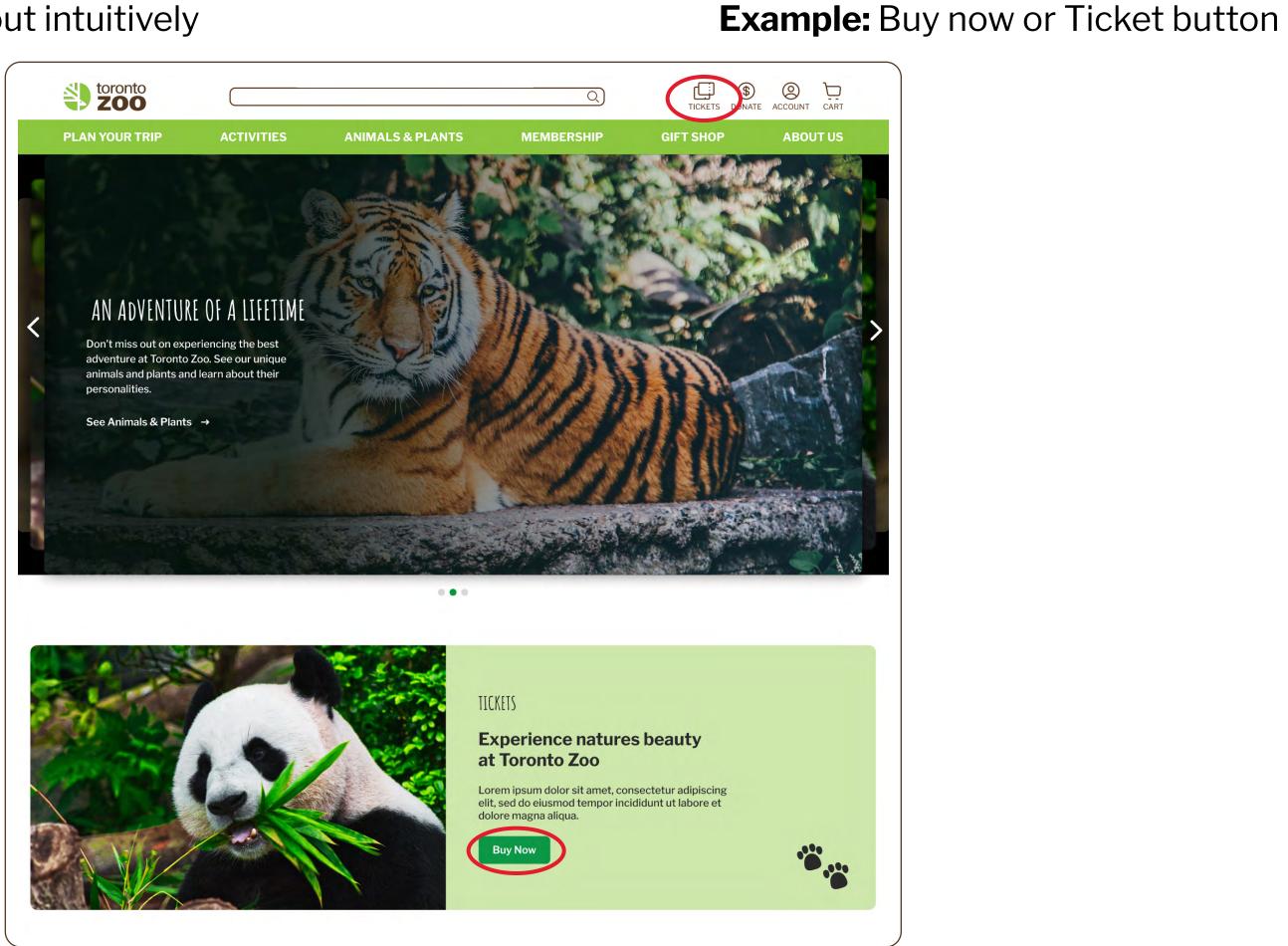


# **Results**Key Design Principles and Heuristics

#1

**Affordance:** How easy the user can figure out intuitively

how to use the product



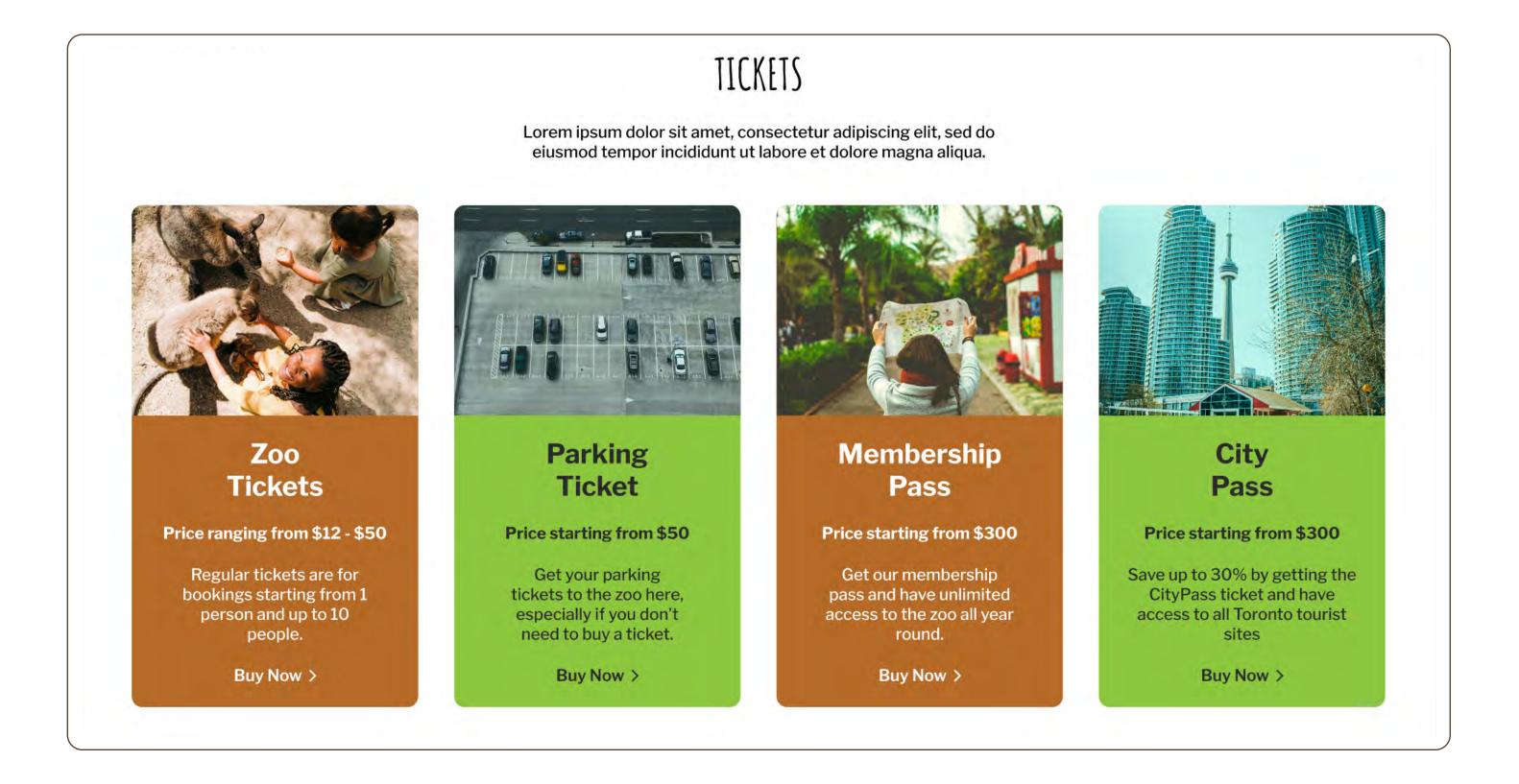


#### **Key Design Principles and Heuristics**

#2

**Discoverability:** The degree of ease with which the user can find all the elements and features of a new system when they first encounter it

**Example:** Ticket's categories and their detailed description



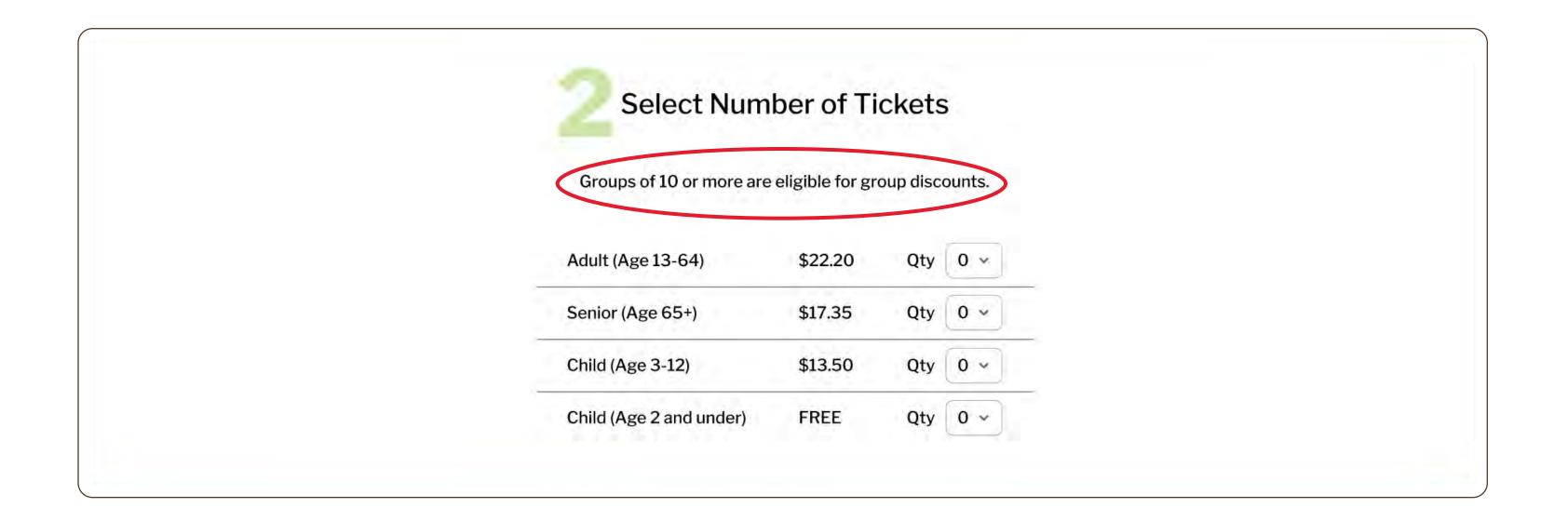


#### **Key Design Principles and Heuristics**



**Constraints:** Limiting the number of choices a user can choose to act upon

**Example:** If the number of tickets accesses 10, the user gets a "group" discount





# **Results**Key Design Principles and Heuristics



**Visibility of System Status:** How well the state of the system is conveyed to its users

**Example:** Checkout "paw" gress bar



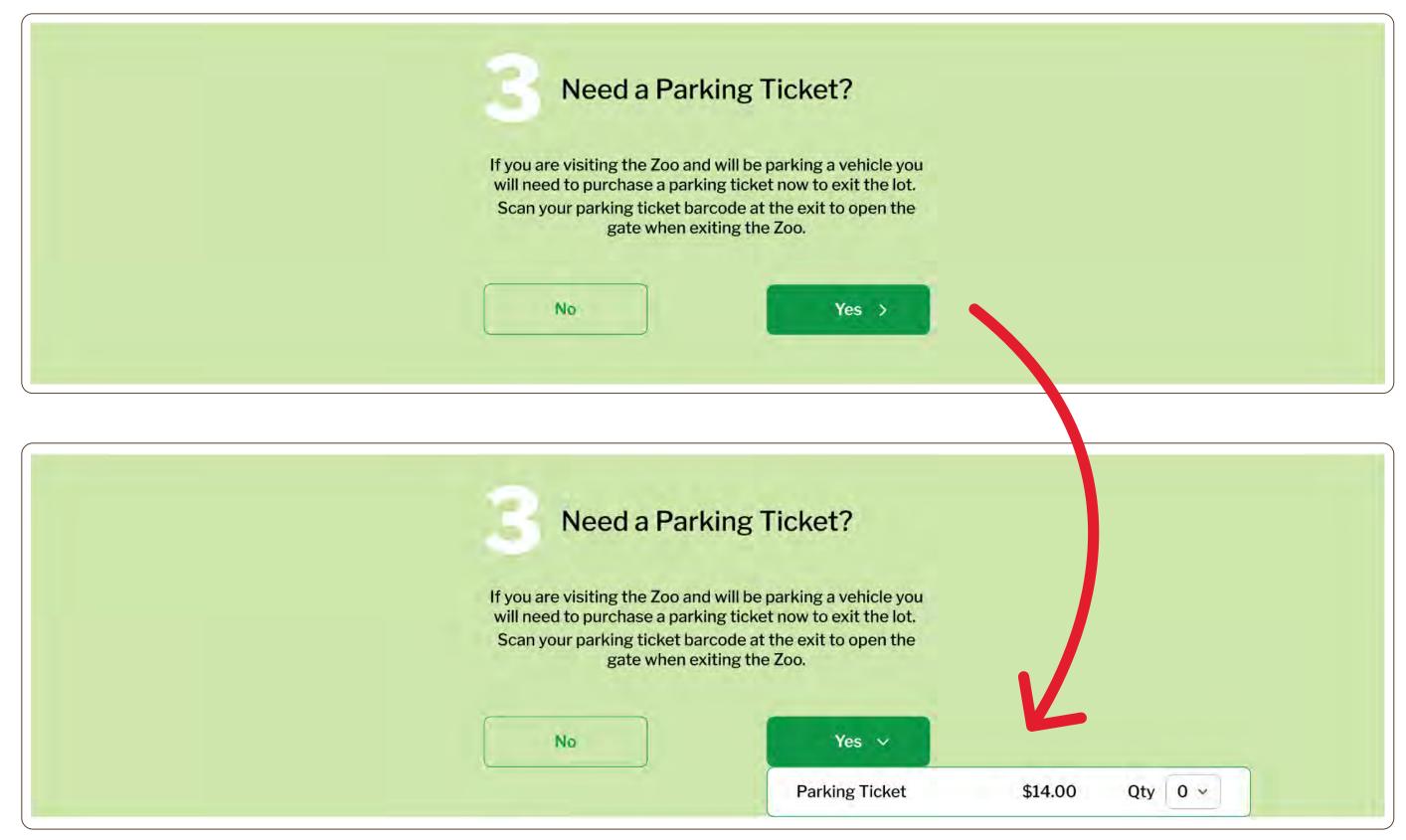


#### **Key Design Principles and Heuristics**



**User Control and Freedom:** Giving the users the control to do what they want or the option to undo something if it goes wrong

**Example:** Providing users with an option to add parking tickets or not



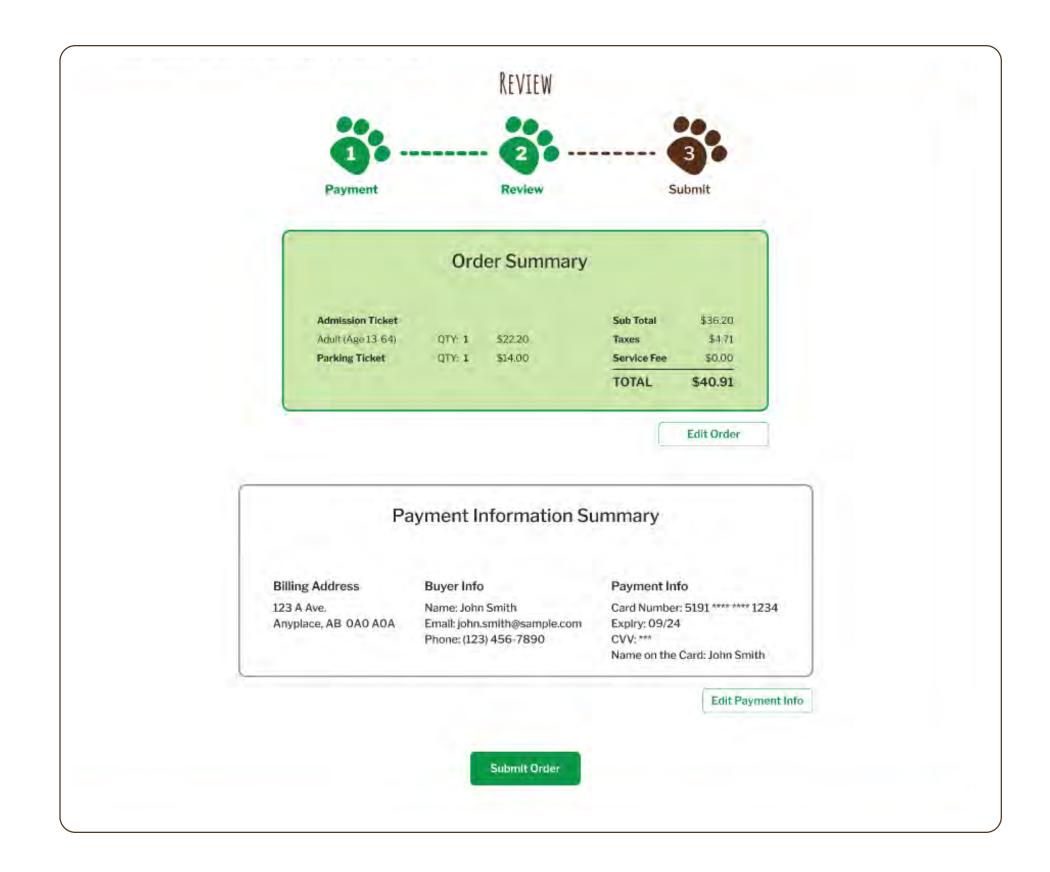


#### **Key Design Principles and Heuristics**



**Error Prevention:** Degree to which a system protects users against making errors

Example: Order review page



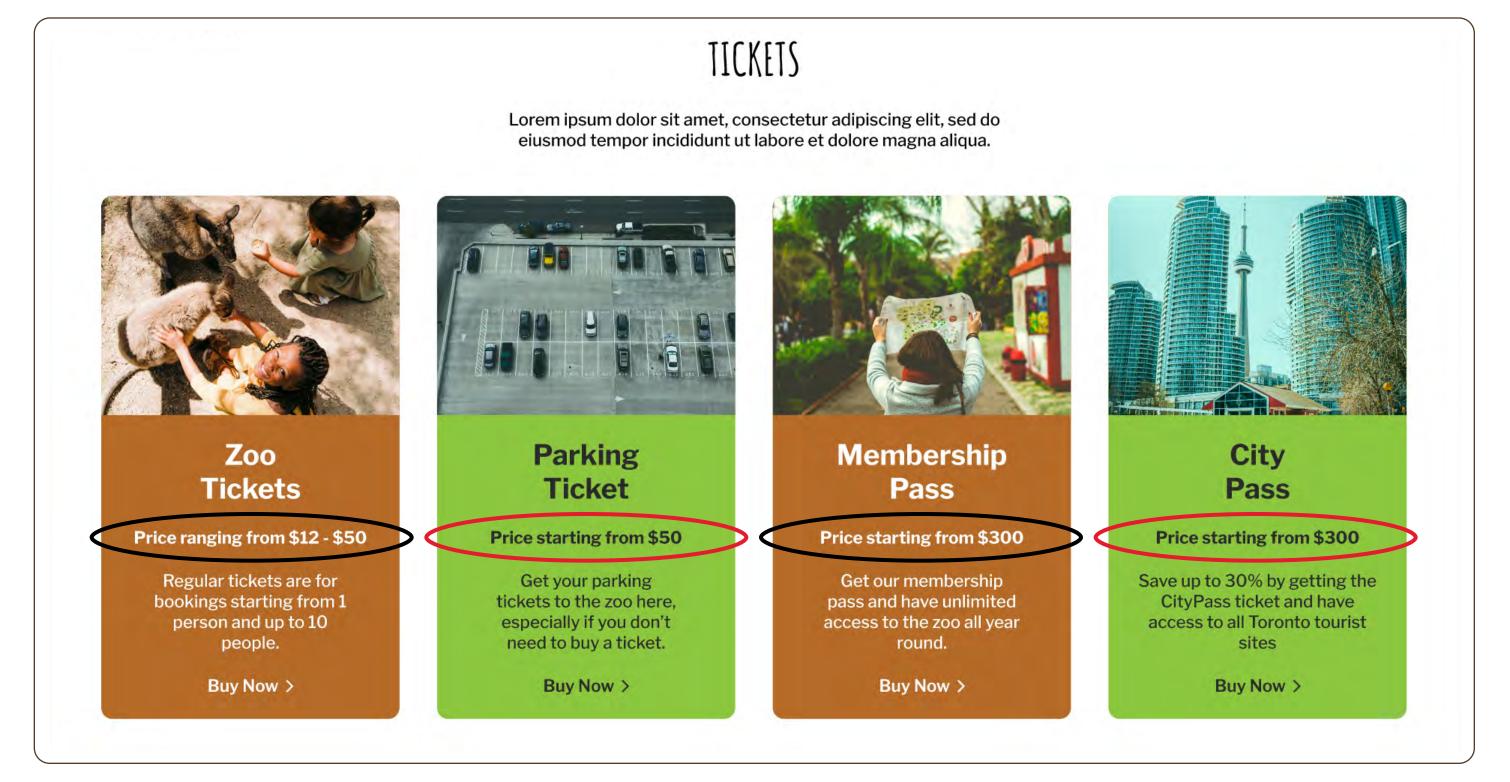


# **Results**Key Design Principles and Heuristics

#7

**Recognition Rather Than Recall:** Minimizing the user's memory load by making objects, actions, and options visible

**Example:** Price's range on the Tickets page





#### **Key Design Principles and Heuristics**

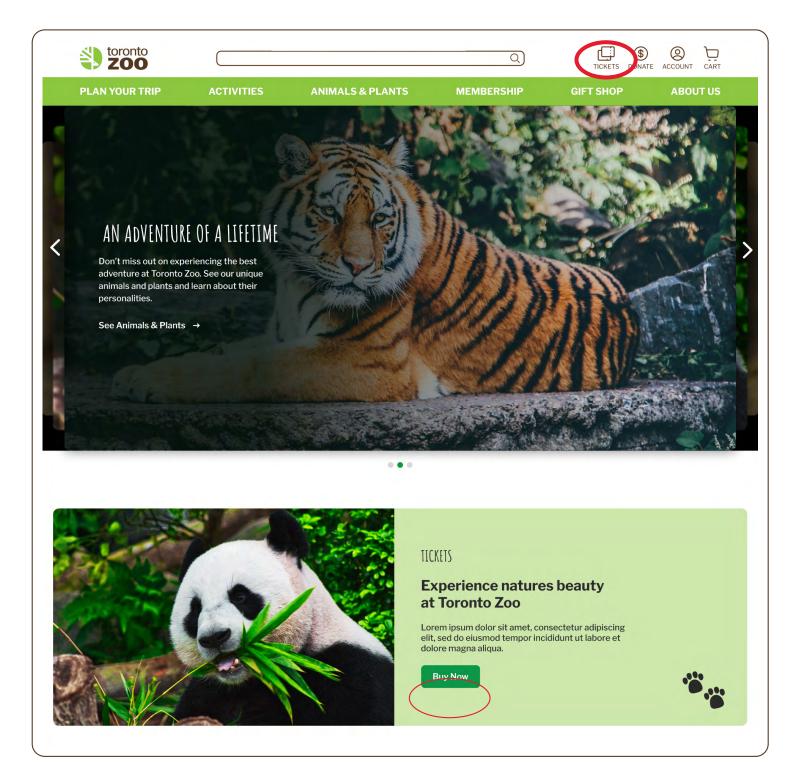


Flexibility and Efficiency of Use: Allowing users to approach tasks in multiple ways to suit their working style



**Example 1:** Breadcrumbs

**Example 2:** Opportunity to buy tickets clicking on either Buy now in the body of the Home page, or Tickets button in the secondary nav



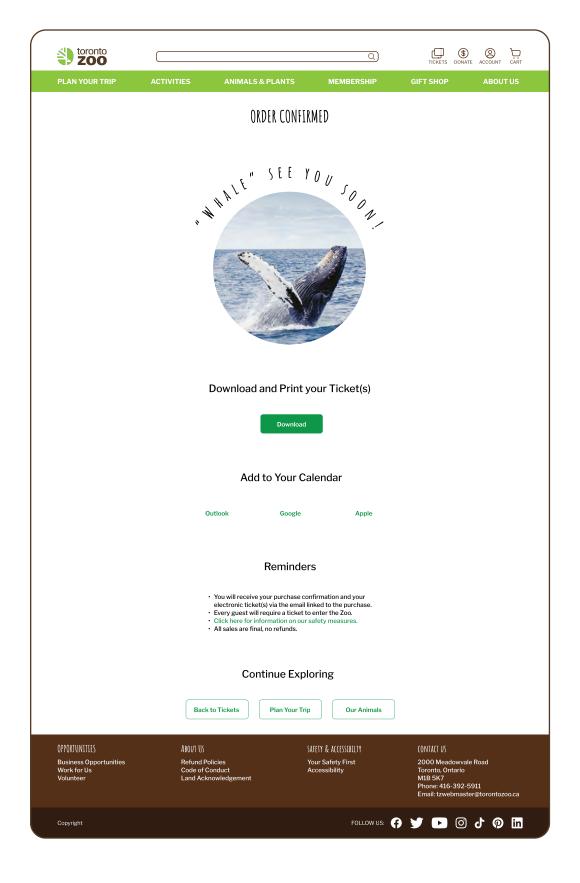


#### **Key Design Principles and Heuristics**



**Feedback:** Making it clear to the user what action has been taken and what has been accomplished

**Example:** Ticket confirmation and "Whale see you soon!"





# **Conclusion**Challenges

#### Challenges met as a team and individually:

- Learning Figma on the go
- Technical difficulties: Figma began to lag, slowing down our process
- Transitioning from low-fidelity to high-fidelity
  - Finding a balance between adding playful graphics and making clear design
  - Deciding between similar styles
- Determining Design Guidelines to follow (both individually and as a team)





## **Appendices**

#### **User Task Flow (Miro link)**

https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1YYDbuX2qgmrnEwRZqviJifp8GFLtBFFaInHA\_YLB9cs/edit#gid=1360646660

#### Card Sorting and IA Diagram (Miro link)

https://miro.com/app/board/uXjVPUL-oG0=/?share\_link\_id=230231933128

#### Nav Design (Figma link)

https://www.figma.com/file/8FLIfIWKDShmpgRPKpAE9q/A3%3A-NAV-Design-Toronto-Zoo-Group?node-id=108%3A263&t=TrScvrdlom5Tb8RD-0

#### iPhone 13 Prototype (Hi-Fi)

https://www.figma.com/proto/e0oc3hqolcx7yhht4vdmLH/M1%3A-Toronto-Zoo-Desktop?page-id=261%3A2875&node-id=261%3A2876&viewport=3105%2C23%2C0.92&scaling=scale-down&starting-point-node-id=261%3A2876

#### 14" MacBook Pro Prototype (Hi-Fi)

https://www.figma.com/proto/e0oc3hqolcx7yhht4vdmLH/M1%3A-Toronto-Zoo-Desktop?page-id=261%3A1438&node-id=508%3A3987&viewport=-604%2C-1102%2C0.32&scaling=scale-down&starting-point-node-id=508%3A3987

